

"EURO 24 Web Scraping"

A tutorial of scraping EURO 24 Stats from FBRef by a complete beginner

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1 Introduction to Web Scraping and Writing Data to CSV and Excel Files

Web scraping is a powerful technique used to extract data from websites, allowing you to gather information that might not be readily available in structured formats like databases or APIs. This data can then be cleaned and processed for analysis or storage in various formats, such as CSV (Comma-Separated Values) or Excel files. Using R and its powerful packages such as rvest, tidyverse, stringr, readr, and openxlsx, you can efficiently scrape, clean, and store data in formats suitable for analysis.

I've no doubt that this can be done more efficiently than I have done it but this is what I have learned so far. I hope this helps in some way and if you are a more experienced R user, I would love to hear your feedback on how I can improve this process - feel free to reach out to me on Twitter or LinkedIn. Below is a step-by-step guide on how to scrape all stats pages from EURO 24 via the FBRef website and write it to an Excel file and a CSV file. To learn from the experts, please check out TidyX by Patrick Ward and Ellis Hughes on Youtube. Mladen Jovanović also has fantastic courses on his website Complementary Training.

1.1 Load libraries for Web Scraping

```
library(tidyverse)
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ------ tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr
          1.1.4
                   v readr
                                2.1.5
v forcats 1.0.0
                               1.5.1
                   v stringr
v ggplot2 3.5.1 v tibble
                                3.2.1
v lubridate 1.9.3 v tidyr
                               1.3.1
v purrr
           1.0.2
-- Conflicts ------ tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter()
                        masks stats::filter()
x readr::guess_encoding() masks rvest::guess_encoding()
x dplyr::lag()
                        masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(stringr)
library(readr)
library(openxlsx)
```

library(rvest)

1.2 Define the Live HTML URLs for each Stats Web Page from FBRef

```
general_stats_url <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/stats/UEFA-Euro-Stats"
gk_url <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/keepersadv/UEFA-Euro-Stats"
adv_gk_url <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/keepersadv/UEFA-Euro-Stats"
shooting_url <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/passing/UEFA-Euro-Stats"
passing_stats <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/passing/UEFA-Euro-Stats"
creation_stats <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/gca/UEFA-Euro-Stats"
defensive_stats <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/defense/UEFA-Euro-Stats"
playing_time_stats <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/playingtime/UEFA-Euro-Stats"
playing_time_stats <- "https://fbref.com/en/comps/676/playingtime/UEFA-Euro-Stats"</pre>
```

2 Scrape General Stats Page

2.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
standard_euro_tables <- read_html_live(general_stats_url) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

2.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
standard_players <- standard_euro_tables %>%
.[[3]] %>%
as.data.frame()
```

2.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(standard_players) <- standard_players[1, ]
standard_players <- standard_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

2.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
standard_players <- standard_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

2.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
standard_players <- standard_players %>%
   select(-matches)
```

2.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
standard_players <- standard_players %>%
mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

2.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

2.7 Join the datasets together

```
standard_players <- standard_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

2.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
standard_players <- standard_players %>%
  select(-rk, -age)
```

2.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
standard_players <- standard_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

2.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
standard_players <- standard_players %>%
  select(-born) %>%
  select(player, age, everything())
```

2.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
standard_players <- standard_players %>%
  rename(
   position = pos,
    country = squad,
   matches_played = mp,
   minutes_played = min,
   played_{90} = x90s,
   goals = gls,
   assists = ast,
   combined_goals_and_assists = g_a,
   non_penalty_goals = g_pk,
   penalties_scored = pk,
   penalties_taken = p_katt,
   yellow_cards = crd_y,
   red_cards = crd_r,
    expected_goals = x_g,
   non_penalty_expected_goals = npx_g,
    expected_assisted_goals = x_ag,
   non_penalty_expected_goals_and_assisted_goals = npx_g_x_ag,
   progressive_carries = prg_c,
   progressive_passes = prg_p,
    progressive_passes_received = prg_r,
    per90_goals = gls_2,
   per90_assists = ast_2,
   per90_goals_and_assists = g_a_2,
    per90_non_penalty_goals = g_pk_2,
    per90_non_penalty_goals_and_assists = g_a_pk,
   per90_expected_goals = x_g_2,
   per90_expected_assisted_goals = x_ag_2,
    per90_expected_goals_and_assisted_goals = x_g_x_ag,
    per90_non_penalty_expected_goals = npx_g_2,
```

```
per90_non_penalty_expected_goals_and_assisted_goals = npx_g_x_ag_2,
    player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
select(-player_id)
```

2.12 View the final data

head(standard_players)

player a	age position	country	matches_played	starts
1 Che Adams	28 FW	sct Scotland	l 3	3
2 Michel Aebischer	27 DF	ch Switzerland	l 5	5
3 Arlind Ajeti	31 DF	al Albania	ч З	3
4 Manuel Akanji	29 DF	ch Switzerland	l 5	5
5 Samet Akaydın	30 DF	tr Türkiye	e 4	4
6 Nathan Aké	29 DF	nl Netherlands	s 6	6
minutes_played pla	ayed_90 goal:	s assists combi	ned_goals_and_a	ssists
1 209	2.3	0 0		0
2 476	5.3	1 2		3
3 270	3.0	0 0		0
4 480	5.3	0 0		0
5 335	3.7	1 0		1
6 470	5.2	0 1		1
non_penalty_goals	penalties_s	cored penalties	s_taken yellow_ca	ards red_cards
1 0		0	0	0 0
2 1		0	0	0 0
3 0		0	0	0 0
4 0		0	0	0 0
5 1		0	0	2 0
6 0		0	0	1 0
expected_goals not	n_penalty_ex	pected_goals ex	pected_assisted	_goals
1 0.1		0.1		0.1
2 0.1		0.1		1.2
3 0.0		0.0		0.0
4 0.0		0.0		0.0
5 0.4		0.4		0.0
6 0.1		0.1		0.4
non_penalty_expec	ted_goals_and	d_assisted_goal	s progressive_ca	arries
1		0.	2	3
2		1.		4
3		0.	0	1

4		0.0		2
5		0.4		1
6		0.6		7
	progressive_passes progressive_passes	_received p	er90_goals	per90_assists
1	2	10	0.00	0.00
2	28	18	0.19	0.38
3	5	0	0.00	0.00
4	25	1	0.00	0.00
5	15	0	0.27	0.00
6	21	11	0.00	0.19
	per90_goals_and_assists per90_non_pena	alty_goals		
1	0.00	0.00		
2	0.57	0.19		
3	0.00	0.00		
4	0.00	0.00		
5	0.27	0.27		
6	0.19	0.00		
	per90_non_penalty_goals_and_assists pe	er90_expect	ed_goals	
1	0.00		0.05	
2	0.57		0.02	
3	0.00		0.00	
4	0.00		0.00	
5	0.27		0.09	
6	0.19		0.02	
	per90_expected_assisted_goals per90_e	xpected_goa	als_and_assi	isted_goals
1	0.03			0.09
2	0.22			0.24
3	0.00			0.00
4	0.00			0.00
5	0.00			0.09
6	0.08			0.11
	per90_non_penalty_expected_goals			
1	0.05			
2	0.02			
3	0.00			
4	0.00			
5	0.09			
6	0.02			
	per90_non_penalty_expected_goals_and_a	assisted_go	als	
1		C	0.09	
2		C	0.24	
3		C	0.00	

4	0.00
5	0.09
6	0.11
	player_link
1	https://fbref.com//en/players/f2bf1b0f/Che-Adams
2	https://fbref.com//en/players/f9c927de/Michel-Aebischer
3	https://fbref.com//en/players/f9714604/Arlind-Ajeti
4	https://fbref.com//en/players/89ac64a6/Manuel-Akanji
5	https://fbref.com//en/players/7328bee5/Samet-Akaydin
6	https://fbref.com//en/players/eaeca114/Nathan-Ake

2.13 Write the data to a csv file

write_csv(standard_players, "standard_players.csv")

2.14 Write the data to an Excel file

```
write.xlsx(standard_players, "standard_players.xlsx")
```

3 Scrape General GK Stats Page

3.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
gk_euro_tables <- read_html_live(gk_url) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

3.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
gk_players <- gk_euro_tables %>%
.[[3]] %>%
as.data.frame()
```

3.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(gk_players) <- gk_players[1, ]
gk_players <- gk_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

3.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
gk_players <- gk_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

3.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
gk_players <- gk_players %>%
  select(-matches)
```

3.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
gk_players <- gk_players %>%
mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

3.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

```
gk_players <- gk_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

3.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
gk_players <- gk_players %>%
   select(-rk, -age)
```

3.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
gk_players <- gk_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

3.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
gk_players <- gk_players %>%
select(-born) %>%
select(player, age, everything())
```

3.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
gk_players <- gk_players %>%
rename(
    position = pos,
    country = squad,
    matches_played = mp,
    minutes_played = min,
    played_90 = x90s,
    goals_against = ga,
```

```
goals_against_per_90 = ga90,
shots_on_target_against = so_ta,
wins = w,
draw = d,
losses = 1,
clean_sheets = cs,
clean_sheets_percentage = cs_percent,
penalty_kicks_attempted = p_katt,
penalty_kicks_allowed = pka,
penalty_kicks_saved = p_ksv,
penalty_kicks_missed = p_km,
penalty_kicks_saved_percentage = save_percent_2,
player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
select(-player_id)
```

3.12 View the data

glimpse(gk_players)

Rows: 29

Columns: 24	
\$ player	<chr> "Altay Bayındır", "Koen Casteels", "Dio~</chr>
\$ age	<dbl> 26, 32, 25, 25, 35, 34, 28, 35, 24, 29,~</dbl>
<pre>\$ position</pre>	<chr> "GK", "GK", "GK", "GK", "GK", "GK", "GK", "GK~</chr>
<pre>\$ country</pre>	<chr> "tr Türkiye", "be Belgium", "pt Portuga~</chr>
<pre>\$ matches_played</pre>	<dbl> 1, 4, 5, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 1, 3, 1, 6, 4, ~</dbl>
<pre>\$ starts</pre>	<dbl> 1, 4, 5, 4, 4, 3, 3, 4, 0, 3, 1, 6, 4, ~</dbl>
<pre>\$ minutes_played</pre>	<dbl> 90, 360, 510, 360, 390, 270, 270, 360, ~</dbl>
<pre>\$ played_90</pre>	<dbl> 1.0, 4.0, 5.7, 4.0, 4.3, 3.0, 3.0, 4.0,~</dbl>
<pre>\$ goals_against</pre>	<dbl> 3, 2, 3, 5, 5, 5, 7, 5, 1, 6, 3, 3, 8, ~</dbl>
<pre>\$ goals_against_per_90</pre>	<dbl> 3.00, 0.50, 0.53, 1.25, 1.15, 1.67, 2.3~</dbl>
<pre>\$ shots_on_target_against</pre>	<dbl> 3, 14, 14, 17, 16, 14, 19, 19, 2, 15, 5~</dbl>
\$ saves	<dbl> 1, 13, 11, 12, 11, 9, 12, 15, 1, 9, 2, ~</dbl>
<pre>\$ save_percent</pre>	<dbl> 0.0, 85.7, 85.7, 70.6, 75.0, 64.3, 68.4~</dbl>
\$ wins	<dbl> 0, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, ~</dbl>
\$ draw	<dbl> 0, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 3, 1, ~</dbl>
\$ losses	<dbl> 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, ~</dbl>
<pre>\$ clean_sheets</pre>	<dbl> 0, 2, 3, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 4, 1, ~</dbl>
<pre>\$ clean_sheets_percentage</pre>	<dbl> 0.0, 50.0, 60.0, 0.0, 25.0, 33.3, 0.0, ~</dbl>
<pre>\$ penalty_kicks_attempted</pre>	<dbl> 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, ~</dbl>

<pre>\$ penalty_kicks_allowed</pre>	<dbl></dbl>	0,	0,	1,	0,	1,	0,	1,	0,	0,	0,	0,	1,	0,	~
<pre>\$ penalty_kicks_saved</pre>	<dbl></dbl>	0,	0,	0,	1,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	~
<pre>\$ penalty_kicks_missed</pre>	<dbl></dbl>	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	0,	~
<pre>\$ penalty_kicks_saved_percentage</pre>	<dbl></dbl>	NA .	, N <i>I</i>	Α, (), :	100	, 0	, N <i>I</i>	4, (), 1	NA,	NA	, N <i>I</i>	1 , I	N~
<pre>\$ player_link</pre>	<chr></chr>	"ht	tp	s://	/fb:	ref	cor	n//e	en/p	pla	yers	s/07	72e6	38eo	d~

3.13 Write the data to a csv file

```
write_csv(gk_players, "gk_players.csv")
```

3.14 Write the data to an Excel file

```
write.xlsx(gk_players, "gk_players.xlsx")
```

4 Scrape Advanced GK Stats Page

4.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
adv_gk_euro_tables <- read_html_live(adv_gk_url) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

4.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_euro_tables %>%
.[[3]] %>%
as.data.frame()
```

4.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(adv_gk_players) <- adv_gk_players[1, ]
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

4.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

4.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players %>%
   select(-matches)
```

4.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players %>%
mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

4.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

4.7 Join the datasets together

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

4.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players %>%
select(-rk, -age)
```

4.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

4.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players %>%
select(-born) %>%
select(player, age, everything())
```

4.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
adv_gk_players <- adv_gk_players %>%
rename(
    position = pos,
    country = squad,
    played_90 = x90s,
    goals_against = ga,
    penalty_kicks_allowed = pka,
    free_kick_goals_against = fk,
    corner_kick_goals_against = ck,
    own_goals_against = og,
    post_shot_xg = p_sx_g,
```

```
post_shot_xg_per_shot_on_target = p_sx_g_so_t,
post_shot_xg_excluding_conceded = p_sx_g_2,
post_shot_xg_excluding_conceded_per90 = x90,
passes_completed_over_40yrds = cmp,
passes_attempted_over_40yrds = att,
passes_completed_over_40yrds_percent = cmp_percent,
passes_attempted = att_gk,
throws_attempted = thr,
passes_attempted_over_40yrds_percent = launch_percent,
average_pass_length = avg_len,
goal_kicks_attempted = att_2,
goal_kicks_over_40yrds_percent= launch_percent_2,
average_goal_kick_length = avg_len_2,
crosses_faced = opp,
crosses_stopped = stp,
crosses_stopped_percent = stp_percent,
number_of_defensive_actions_outside_penalty_area = number_opa,
number_of_defensive_actions_outside_penalty_area_per90 = number_opa_90,
distance_from_goal_of_all_defensive_actions_yrds = avg_dist,
```

player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
select(-player_id)

4.12 View the data

head(adv_gk_players)

	player	age	position	country	played_90 go	als_against
1	Altay Bayındır	26	GK	tr Türkiye	1.0	3
2	Koen Casteels	32	GK	be Belgium	4.0	2
3	Diogo Costa	25	GK	pt Portugal	5.7	3
4	Gianluigi Donnarumma	25	GK	it Italy	4.0	5
5	Martin Dúbravka	35	GK	sk Slovakia	4.3	5
6	Péter Gulácsi	34	GK	hu Hungary	3.0	5
	penalty_kicks_allowed	lfre	ee_kick_g	pals_against	corner_kick_	goals_against
1	C)		0		0
2	C)		0		0
3	1			0		0
4	C)		0		0
5	1			0		0

6	0	0	0
	<pre>own_goals_against post_shot_xg</pre>	post_shot_xg_per_shot_on_	target
1	1 1.6		0.54
2	1 2.7		0.20
3	0 3.5		0.18
4	1 6.0		0.30
5	0 5.0		0.25
6	0 5.4		0.39
	<pre>post_shot_xg_excluding_conceded</pre>	<pre>post_shot_xg_excluding_c</pre>	onceded_per90
1	-0.4		-0.37
2	1.7		0.43
3	0.5		0.11
4	2.0		0.49
5	0.0		0.01
6	0.4		0.14
	<pre>passes_completed_over_40yrds pa</pre>	sses_attempted_over_40yrd	5
1	3		7
2	8	3:	
3	6	18	
4	10	23	
5	18	6	
6	10	30	
	passes_completed_over_40yrds_pe		-
1		42.9 33	3
2		25.8 107	19
3		33.3 129	29
4		43.5 86	16
5		29.5 138	20
6		33.3 83	17
	passes_attempted_over_40yrds_pe		
1		21.2 31.2	2
2		17.8 27.1	35
3		13.2 27.2	26
4		22.1 26.3	16
5		31.9 30.1	23
6		28.9 31.8	14
	goal_kicks_over_40yrds_percent		
1	0.0	7.5	8
2	34.3	34.7	48
3	3.8	25.6	41
4	25.0	27.1	41
5	73.9	54.7	57

6		42.9	39.0	
	crosses_stopped	crosses_stopped_percent		
1	2	25.0		
2	4	8.3		
3	2	4.9		
4	3	7.3		
5	2	3.5		
6	1	2.3		
	<pre>number_of_defensive_actions_outside_penalty_area</pre>			
1			0	
2			4	
3			6	
4			2	
5			4	
6			1	
	<pre>number_of_defensive_actions_outside_penalty_area_per90</pre>			
1			0.00	
2			1.00	
3			1.20	
4			0.50	
5			1.00	
6			0.33	
distance_from_goal_of_all_defensive_actions_yrds				
1			12.2	
2			13.8	
3			21.0	
4			10.1	
5			11.8	
6			10.1	
			player_link	
1	https://fbref.com//en/players/072e68ed/Altay-Bayindir			
2	https://fbref.com//en/players/db401046/Koen-Casteels			
3	https://fbref.com//en/players/93fffbcf/Diogo-Costa			
4				
5	https://fbref.com//en/players/3a949a25/Martin-Dubravka			
6	6 https://fbref.com//en/players/bcb2ccd8/Peter-Gulacsi			

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4.13 Write the data to a csv file

```
write.xlsx(adv_gk_players, "adv_gk_players.xlsx")
```

5 Scrape Shooting Stats Page

5.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
shooting_euro_tables <- read_html_live(shooting_url) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

5.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
shooting_players <- shooting_euro_tables %>%
.[[3]] %>%
as.data.frame()
```

5.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(shooting_players) <- shooting_players[1, ]
shooting_players <- shooting_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

5.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
shooting_players <- shooting_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

5.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
shooting_players <- shooting_players %>%
select(-matches)
```

5.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
shooting_players <- shooting_players %>%
mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

5.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

5.7 Join the datasets together

```
shooting_players <- shooting_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

5.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
shooting_players <- shooting_players %>%
select(-rk, -age)
```

```
shooting_players <- shooting_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

5.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
shooting_players <- shooting_players %>%
select(-born) %>%
select(player, age, everything())
```

5.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
shooting_players <- shooting_players %>%
  rename(
   position = pos,
    country = squad,
   played_{90} = x90s,
   goals = gls,
   shots = sh,
   shots_on_target = so_t,
    shots_on_target_percent = so_t_percent,
    shots_per90 = sh_90,
    shots_on_target_per90 = so_t_90,
    goals_per_shot = g_sh,
    goals_per_shot_on_target = g_so_t,
    average_shot_distance = dist,
   free_kick_shots = fk,
   penalty_scored = pk,
    penalty_kicks_attempted = p_katt,
    expected_goals = x_g,
   non_penalty_expected_goals = npx_g,
   non_penalty_expected_goals_shots = npx_g_sh,
   goals_minus_expected_goals = g_x_g,
    non_penalty_expected_goals_minus_expected_goals = np_g_x_g,
    player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
  select(-player_id)
```

write_csv(shooting_players, "shooting_players.csv")

5.13 Write the data to an Excel file

write.xlsx(shooting_players, "shooting_players.xlsx")

6 Scrape Passing Stats Page

6.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
passing_euro_tables <- read_html_live(passing_stats) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

6.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
passing_players <- passing_euro_tables %>%
   .[[3]] %>%
   as.data.frame()
```

6.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(passing_players) <- passing_players[1, ]
passing_players <- passing_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

6.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
passing_players <- passing_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

6.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
passing_players <- passing_players %>%
select(-matches)
```

6.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
passing_players <- passing_players %>%
mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

6.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

6.7 Join the datasets together

```
passing_players <- passing_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

6.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
passing_players <- passing_players %>%
select(-rk, -age)
```

6.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
passing_players <- passing_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

6.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
passing_players <- passing_players %>%
  select(-born) %>%
  select(player, age, everything())
```

6.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
passing_players <- passing_players %>%
  rename(
   position = pos,
    country = squad,
   played_{90} = x90s,
    passes_completed = cmp,
    passes_attempted = att,
    pass_completion_percent = cmp_percent,
    passing_distance_total = tot_dist,
   passing_distance_progressive = prg_dist,
    short_passes_completed = cmp_2,
    short_passes_attempted = att_2,
    short_passes_completion_percent = cmp_percent_2,
   medium_passes_completed = cmp_3,
   medium_passes_attempted = att_3,
    medium_passes_completion_percent = cmp_percent_3,
    long_passes_completed = cmp_4,
```

```
long_passes_attempted = att_4,
long_passes_completion_percent = cmp_percent_4,
assists = ast,
expected_assisted_goals = x_ag,
expected_assists = x_a,
assists_minus_expected_assisted_goals = a_x_ag,
key_passes = kp,
passes_into_final_third = x1_3,
passes_into_penalty_area = ppa,
crosses_into_penalty_area = crs_pa,
progressive_passes = prg_p,
player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
```

```
select(-player_id)
```

6.12 Write the data to a csv file

write_csv(passing_players, "passing_players.csv")

6.13 Write the data to an Excel file

write.xlsx(passing_players, "passing_players.xlsx")

7 Scrape Passing Types Stats Page

7.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
types_passing_euro_tables <- read_html_live(passing_types_stats) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

7.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_euro_tables %>%
   .[[3]] %>%
   as.data.frame()
```

7.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(types_passing_players) <- types_passing_players[1, ]
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

7.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

7.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players %>%
select(-matches)
```

7.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players %>%
mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

7.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

```
player_id <- read_html_live(passing_types_stats) %>%
html_nodes("table") %>%
html_nodes("tbody") %>%
html_elements("a") %>%
html_elements("a") %>%
as.data.frame() %>%
setNames("url_info") %>%
# to this point the url also contains the player matchlogs so we need to filter out those
mutate(get_players = ifelse(grepl(pattern = '/players/', url_info), 1, 0)) %>%
mutate(get_matchlogs = ifelse(grepl(pattern = '/matchlogs/', url_info), 1, 0)) %>%
filter(get_players == 1 & get_matchlogs == 0) %>%
select(-get_players) %>%
```

7.7 Join the datasets together

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

7.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players %>%
select(-rk, -age)
```

7.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

7.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players %>%
select(-born) %>%
select(player, age, everything())
```

7.11 As column 15 contains the inswinging corner kicks, we can rename it to make it more descriptive

colnames(types_passing_players)[15] <- "inswinging_corner_kicks"</pre>

7.12 Rename every other column to make them more descriptive

```
types_passing_players <- types_passing_players %>%
  rename(
   position = pos,
    country = squad,
   played_{90} = x90s,
   passes_attempted = att,
   live_ball_passes = live,
    dead_ball_passes = dead,
   free_kick_passes = fk,
    through_balls_completed = tb,
    switches_over_40yrds = sw,
    crosses = crs,
    throws_ins_taken = ti,
    corner_kicks = ck,
    outswinging_corner_kicks = out,
    straight_corner_kicks = str,
    completed_passes = cmp,
   passes_offside = off,
    passes_blocked = blocks,
    player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
```

```
select(-player_id)
```

7.13 Write the data to a csv file

write_csv(types_passing_players, "types_passing_players.csv")

7.14 Write the data to an Excel file

write.xlsx(types_passing_players, "types_passing_players.xlsx")

8 Scrape Creation Stats Page

8.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
creation_euro_tables <- read_html_live(creation_stats) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

8.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
creation_players <- creation_euro_tables %>%
  .[[3]] %>%
  as.data.frame()
```

8.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(creation_players) <- creation_players[1, ]
creation_players <- creation_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

8.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
creation_players <- creation_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

8.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
creation_players <- creation_players %>%
  select(-matches)
```

8.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
creation_players <- creation_players %>%
  mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

8.7 Join the datasets together

```
creation_players <- creation_players %>%
  bind_cols(player_id) %>%
  mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
  rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

8.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
creation_players <- creation_players %>%
  select(-rk, -age)
```

8.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
creation_players <- creation_players %>%
  mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

8.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
creation_players <- creation_players %>%
  select(-born) %>%
  select(player, age, everything())
```

8.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
creation_players <- creation_players %>%
 rename(
   position = pos,
   country = squad,
   played_{90} = x90s,
   shot_creating_actions = sca,
   shot_creating_actions_per_90 = sca90,
   live_pass_shot_creating_actions = pass_live,
   dead_ball_shot_creating_actions = pass_dead,
   take_on_to_shot = to,
   shot_to_shot_creating_actions = sh,
   fouled_to_shot_creating_actions = fld,
   defensive_action_to_shot_creating_actions = def,
   goal_creating_actions = gca,
   goal_creating_actions_per_90 = gca90,
   live_pass_goal_creating_actions = pass_live_2,
   dead_ball_goal_creating_actions = pass_dead_2,
   take_on_to_goal_creating_actions = to_2,
   shot_to_goal_creating_actions = sh 2,
   fouled_to_goal_creating_actions = fld_2,
   defensive_action_to_goal_creating_actions = def_2,
```

player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
select(-player_id)

8.12 Write the data to a csv file

```
write_csv(creation_players, "creation_players.csv")
```

write.xlsx(creation_players, "creation_players.xlsx")

9 Scrape Defensive Stats Page

9.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
defence_euro_tables <- read_html_live(defensive_stats) %>%
    html_table(fill = T)
```

9.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
defence_players <- defence_euro_tables %>%
  .[[3]] %>%
  as.data.frame()
```

9.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(defence_players) <- defence_players[1, ]
defence_players <- defence_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

9.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
defence_players <- defence_players %>%
  janitor::clean_names() %>%
  filter(player != "Player")
```

9.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
defence_players <- defence_players %>%
   select(-matches)
```

9.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
defence_players <- defence_players %>%
  mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

9.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

9.7 Join the datasets together

```
defence_players <- defence_players %>%
   bind_cols(player_id) %>%
   mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
   rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

9.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
defence_players <- defence_players %>%
   select(-rk, -age)
```

```
defence_players <- defence_players %>%
  mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

9.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
defence_players <- defence_players %>%
  select(-born) %>%
  select(player, age, everything())
```

9.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
defence_players <- defence_players %>%
  rename(
    position = pos,
    country = squad,
    played_{90} = x90s,
    players_tackled = tkl,
    tackles_won = tkl_w,
    tackles_def_3rd = def_3rd,
    tackles_mid_3rd = mid_3rd,
    tackles_att_3rd = att_3rd,
    dribblers_tackled = tkl_2,
    dribbles_challenged = att,
    dribblers_tackled_success_percent = tkl_percent,
    dribblers_tackled_unsuccessful = lost,
    blocks = blocks,
    shots_blocked = sh,
    passes_blocked = pass,
    interceptions = int,
    tackles_plus_interceptions = tkl_int,
    clearances = clr,
    errors = err,
```

```
player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
select(-player_id)
```

write_csv(defence_players, "defence_players.csv")

9.13 Write the data to an Excel file

write.xlsx(defence_players, "defence_players.xlsx")

10 Scrape Possession Stats Page

10.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
possession_euro_tables <- read_html_live(possession_stats) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

10.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
possession_players <- possession_euro_tables %>%
.[[3]] %>%
as.data.frame()
```

10.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(possession_players) <- possession_players[1, ]
possession_players <- possession_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

10.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
possession_players <- possession_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

```
possession_players <- possession_players %>%
  select(-matches)
```

10.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
possession_players <- possession_players %>%
mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

10.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

10.7 Join the datasets together

```
possession_players <- possession_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

10.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
possession_players <- possession_players %>%
select(-rk, -age)
```

10.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
possession_players <- possession_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

10.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
possession_players <- possession_players %>%
select(-born) %>%
select(player, age, everything())
```

10.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
possession_players <- possession_players %>%
  rename(
   position = pos,
    country = squad,
   played_{90} = x90s,
    defensive_penalty_area_touches = def_pen,
    defensive_third_touches = def_3rd,
   middle_third_touches = mid_3rd,
    attacking_third_touches = att_3rd,
    attacking_penalty_area_touches = att_pen,
    live_ball_touches = live,
    take_ons_attempted = att,
    take_ons_successful = succ,
    take_ons_success_percent = succ_percent,
    tackled_during_take_on = tkld,
    tackled_during_take_on_percent = tkld_percent,
    total_dribbling_distance_yrds = tot_dist,
```

```
progressive_dribbling_distance_yrds = prg_dist,
progressive_carries = prg_c,
carries_into_final_third = x1_3,
carries_into_penalty_area = cpa,
miscontrols = mis,
dispossessed = dis,
passes_recieved = rec,
progressive_passes_recieved = prg_r,
player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
select(-player_id)
```

10.12 Write the data to a csv file

write_csv(possession_players, "possession_players.csv")

10.13 Write the data to an Excel file

write.xlsx(possession_players, "possession_players.xlsx")

11 Scrape Playing Time Stats Page

11.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
playing_time_euro_tables <- read_html_live(playing_time_stats) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

11.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
playing_time_players <- playing_time_euro_tables %>%
.[[3]] %>%
as.data.frame()
```

11.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(playing_time_players) <- playing_time_players[1, ]
playing_time_players <- playing_time_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

11.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
playing_time_players <- playing_time_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

11.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
playing_time_players <- playing_time_players %>%
    select(-matches)
```

11.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
playing_time_players <- playing_time_players %>%
  mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

11.6.1 Scrape the player ids from the player links in the live html table

```
player_id <- read_html_live(playing_time_stats) %>%
html_nodes("table") %>%
html_nodes("tbody") %>%
html_elements("a") %>%
html_elements("a") %>%
as.data.frame() %>%
setNames("url_info") %>%
# to this point the url also contains the player matchlogs so we need to filter out those
mutate(get_players = ifelse(grepl(pattern = '/players/', url_info), 1, 0)) %>%
mutate(get_matchlogs = ifelse(grepl(pattern = '/matchlogs/', url_info), 1, 0)) %>%
filter(get_players == 1 & get_matchlogs == 0) %>%
select(-get_players) %>%
```

11.7 Join the datasets together

```
playing_time_players <- playing_time_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

11.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

playing_time_players <- playing_time_players %>%
 select(-rk, -age)

11.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
playing_time_players <- playing_time_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

11.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
playing_time_players <- playing_time_players %>%
  select(-born) %>%
  select(player, age, everything())
```

11.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
playing_time_players <- playing_time_players %>%
  rename(
    position = pos,
    country = squad,
```

```
matches_played = mp,
minutes_played = min,
minutes_per_match_played = mn_mp,
percent_of_minutes_played = min_percent,
played_{90} = x90s,
minutes_per_match_started = mn_start,
completed_matches = compl,
substitute_appearances = subs,
minutes_per_substitute_appearance = mn_sub,
unused_substitute = un_sub,
points_per_match = ppm,
goals_scored = on_g,
goals_conceded = on_ga,
goal_difference = x,
total_goal_difference_per_90 = x90,
goal_difference_per_appearance = on_off,
xg_while_on_the_pitch = onx_g,
xg_against_while_on_the_pitch = onx_ga,
xg_difference = x_g,
xg_difference_per_90 = x_g_90,
xg_difference_per_appearance = on_off_2,
player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
```

```
select(-player_id)
```

11.12 Write the data to a csv file

write_csv(playing_time_players, "playing_time_players.csv")

11.13 Write the data to an Excel file

write.xlsx(playing_time_players, "playing_time_players.xlsx")

12 Scrape Misc Stats Page

12.1 Read the live html tables from FBRef

```
misc_euro_tables <- read_html_live(misc_stats) %>%
html_table(fill = T)
```

12.2 Scrape the table of interest (3rd in this case) and convert it to a data frame - this has the individual player data

```
misc_players <- misc_euro_tables %>%
   .[[3]] %>%
   as.data.frame()
```

12.3 Convert the 1st row to column names and remove it from the data

```
colnames(misc_players) <- misc_players[1, ]
misc_players <- misc_players[-1, ]</pre>
```

12.4 Clean the column names and remove the rows with recurring column names

```
misc_players <- misc_players %>%
janitor::clean_names() %>%
filter(player != "Player")
```

12.5 Remove the "matches" column as it is not needed

```
misc_players <- misc_players %>%
    select(-matches)
```

12.6 Convert the numeric columns to numeric

```
misc_players <- misc_players %>%
mutate(across(c(1, 5:ncol(.)), as.numeric))
```

12.7 Join the datasets together

```
misc_players <- misc_players %>%
bind_cols(player_id) %>%
mutate(url_info = paste0("https://fbref.com/", url_info)) %>%
rename(link_to_player_page = url_info)
```

12.8 As we don't need the 'rk' and 'age' columns, we can remove it to clean up the data into its final format

```
misc_players <- misc_players %>%
   select(-rk, -age)
```

12.9 Calculate an new 'age' column from the 'born' column to 2024

```
misc_players <- misc_players %>%
mutate(age = 2024 - as.numeric(str_sub(born, start = -4)))
```

12.10 Remove the 'born' column as it is no longer needed and position the 'age' column next to the 'player' column

```
misc_players <- misc_players %>%
  select(-born) %>%
  select(player, age, everything())
```

12.11 Rename every column to make them more descriptive

```
misc_players <- misc_players %>%
  rename(
    position = pos,
    country = squad,
    played_{90} = x90s,
    yellow_cards = crd_y,
   red cards = crd r,
    second_yellow_cards = x2crd_y,
   fouls_committed = fld,
   fouls_drawn = fls,
   offsides = off,
   crosses = crs,
    interceptions = int,
    tackles_won = tkl_w,
    penalty_kicks_won = p_kwon,
    penalty_kicks_conceded = p_kcon,
    own_goals = og,
    loose_ball_recoveries = recov,
    aerial_duels_won = won,
    aerial_duels_lost = lost,
    aerial_duels_won_percent = won_percent,
```

```
player_link = link_to_player_page) %>% # remove 'player_id' as it is no longer needed
select(-player_id)
```

12.12 Write the data to a csv file

```
write_csv(misc_players, "misc_players.csv")
```

```
write.xlsx(misc_players, "misc_players.xlsx")
```

13 Combine all csv files into one

```
files <- list.files(pattern = "*.csv")</pre>
all_players <- map_df(files, read_csv)</pre>
Rows: 29 Columns: 31
-- Column specification ------
Delimiter: ","
chr (4): player, position, country, player_link
dbl (27): age, played_90, goals_against, penalty_kicks_allowed, free_kick_go...
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
Rows: 621 Columns: 199
-- Column specification -----
Delimiter: ","
chr
     (4): player, player_link, position, country
dbl (195): age, played_90, goals_against, penalty_kicks_allowed, free_kick_g...
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
Rows: 493 Columns: 22
-- Column specification ------
Delimiter: ","
chr (4): player, position, country, player_link
dbl (18): age, played_90, shot_creating_actions, shot_creating_actions_per_9...
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
Rows: 493 Columns: 22
-- Column specification ------
Delimiter: ","
chr (4): player, position, country, player_link
dbl (18): age, played_90, players_tackled, tackles_won, tackles_def_3rd, tac...
```

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message. Rows: 29 Columns: 24 -- Column specification ------Delimiter: "," chr (4): player, position, country, player_link dbl (20): age, matches_played, starts, minutes_played, played_90, goals_agai... i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message. Rows: 493 Columns: 22 -- Column specification -----Delimiter: "," chr (4): player, position, country, player_link dbl (18): age, played_90, yellow_cards, red_cards, second_yellow_cards, foul... i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message. Rows: 493 Columns: 29 -- Column specification ------Delimiter: "," chr (4): player, position, country, player_link dbl (25): age, played_90, passes_completed, passes_attempted, pass_completio... i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message. Rows: 621 Columns: 27 -- Column specification ------Delimiter: "," chr (4): player, position, country, player_link dbl (23): age, matches_played, minutes_played, minutes_per_match_played, per... i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message. Rows: 493 Columns: 28 -- Column specification -----Delimiter: "," chr (4): player, position, country, player_link dbl (24): age, played_90, touches, defensive_penalty_area_touches, defensive... i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

Rows: 493 Columns: 23 -- Column specification ------Delimiter: "," chr (4): player, position, country, player_link dbl (19): age, played_90, goals, shots, shots_on_target, shots_on_target_per... i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message. Rows: 493 Columns: 34 -- Column specification -----Delimiter: "," chr (4): player, position, country, player_link dbl (30): age, matches_played, starts, minutes_played, played_90, goals, ass... i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message. Rows: 493 Columns: 21 -- Column specification ------Delimiter: "," chr (4): player, position, country, player_link dbl (17): age, played_90, passes_attempted, live_ball_passes, dead_ball_pass... i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data. i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

13.1 Move 'player_link' column to after 'player' column and Move 'age' column to after 'country' column

13.2 Replace all numeric NA values with 0

all_players <- all_players %>% mutate_if(is.numeric, ~replace(., is.na(.), 0))

13.3 Remove all rows with dublicated player_link

all_players <- all_players %>% distinct(player_link, .keep_all = TRUE)

13.4 Write the combined data to a csv file

```
write_csv(all_players, "all_players.csv")
```

13.5 Write the combined data to an Excel file

```
write.xlsx(all_players, "all_players.xlsx")
```

Now you have a nice shiny new dataset with all the player data from the Euro 2024 tournament in both csv and Excel formats. Now to explore - Enjoy!